

K-12 Demographic Change

The implications of declining Enrollment on the State's Traditional K-12 Systems

January 16th, 2025 COMMON SENSE INSTITUTE ARIZONA



We believe sound fiscal and economic research is essential to uphold Arizona's economy, vitality, future, and individual opportunity.



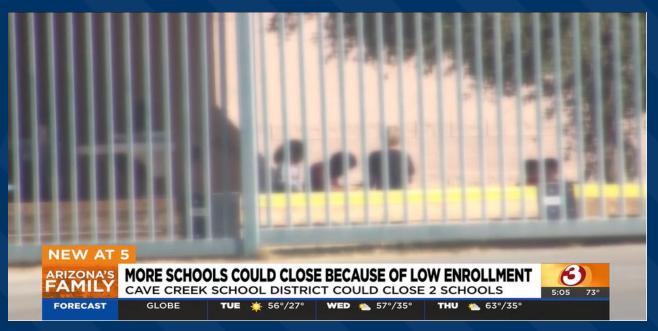
FOX10 Dec 2024: Roosevelt School District votes to close 5 schools



FOX10 Nov 2024: Changing demographics appear to be lowering Arizona public school enrollment

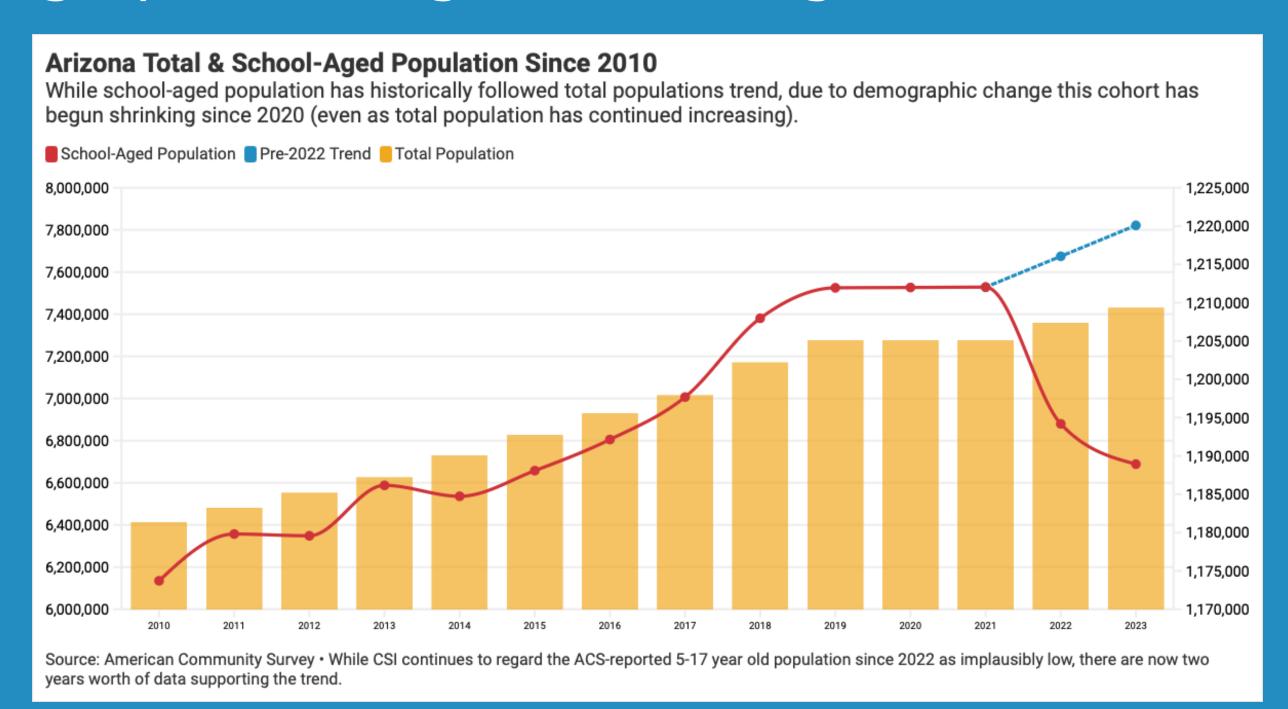


ABC15 Feb 2024: Three Paradise Valley schools to close as enrollment numbers decline

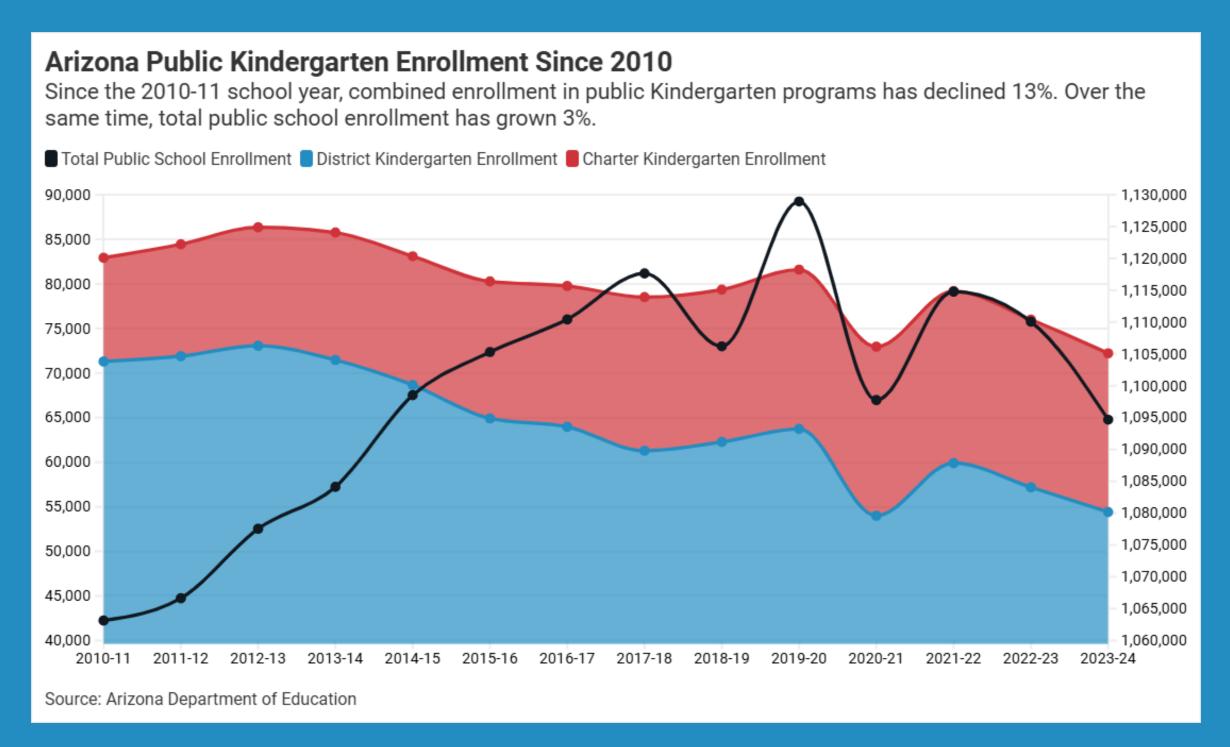


AZFamily Dec 2024: Cave Creek Unified proposes closing 2 schools amid dropping enrollment

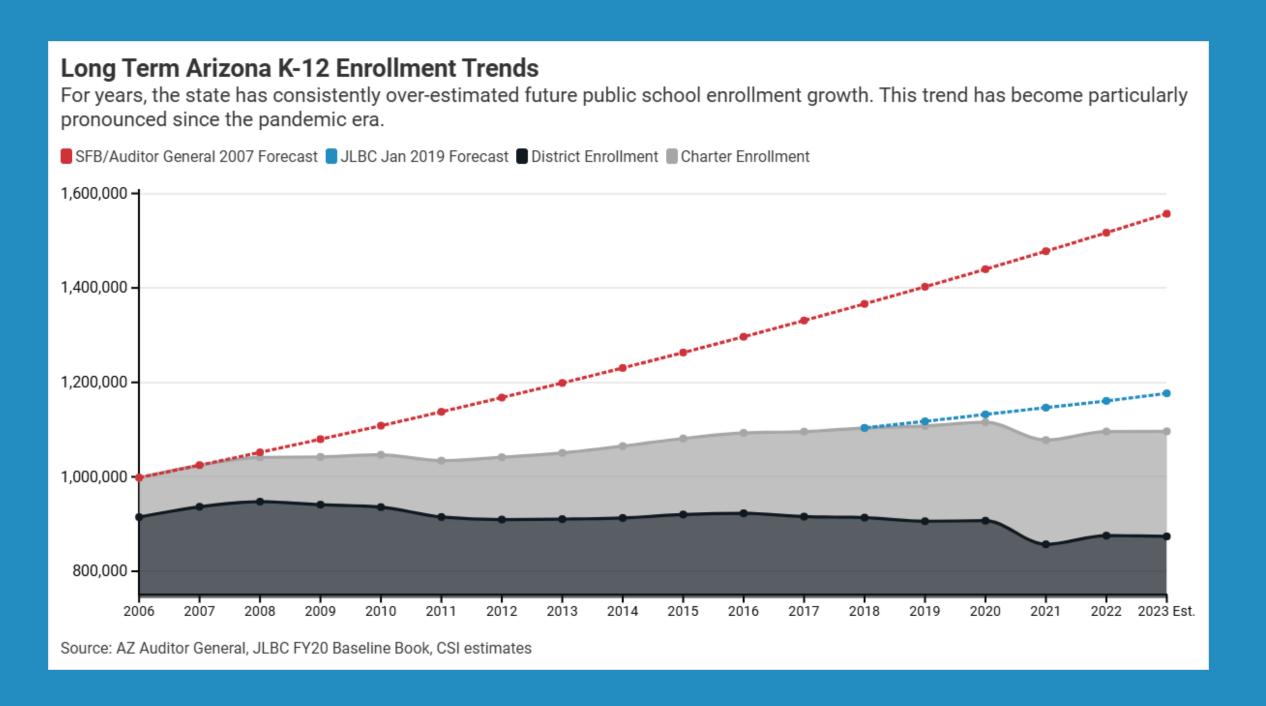
Demographic Change Is No Longer a Future Problem



Demographic Change Is No Longer a Future Problem



District Schools Haven't Grown Since 2008

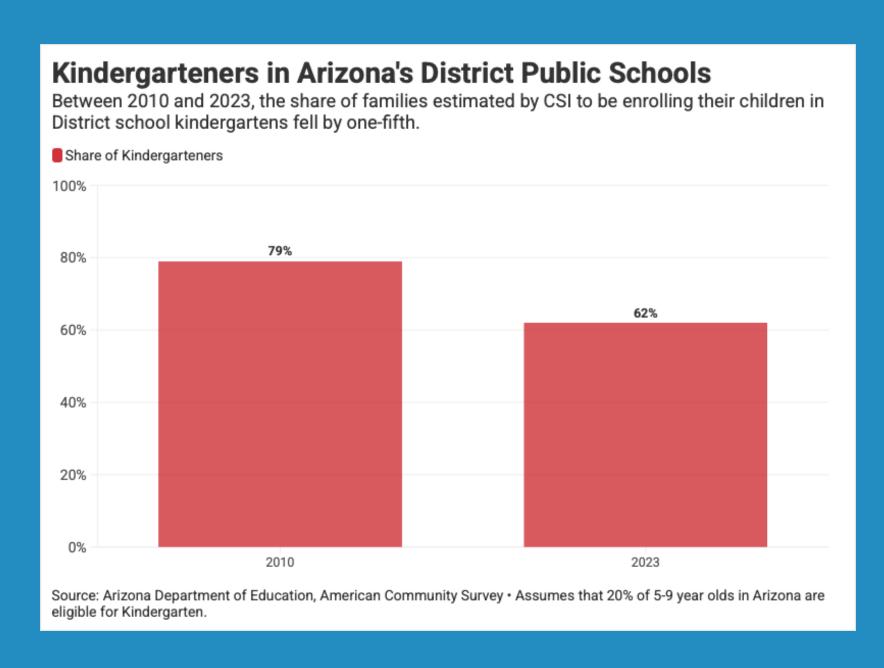


Demographic Decline Alone Doesn't Explain the Pace of Change

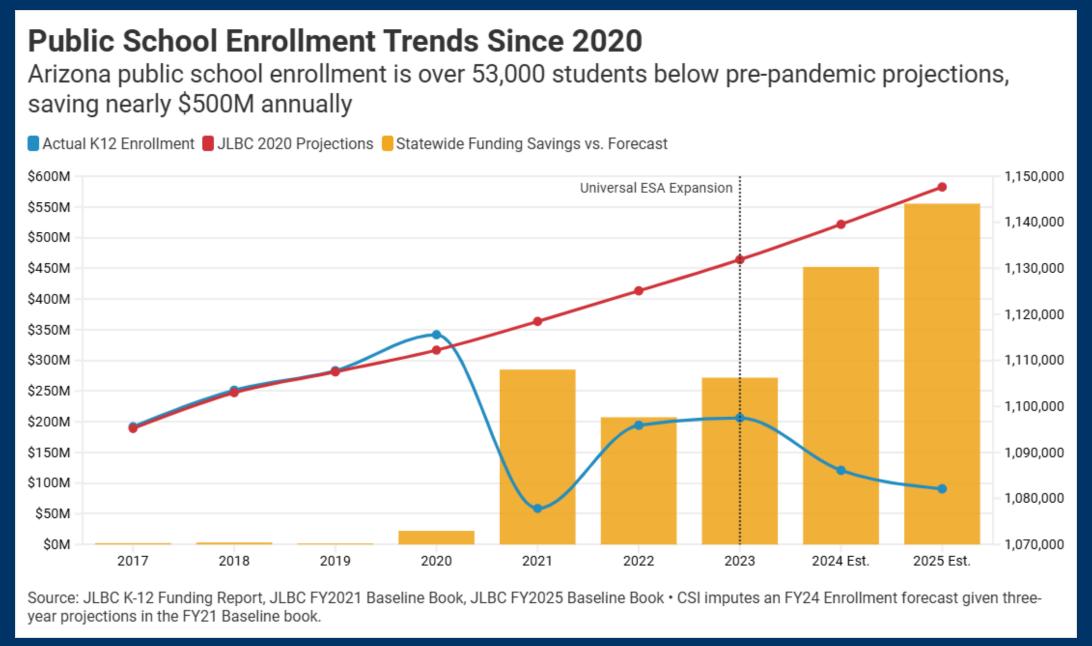
The pandemic dramatically changed school enrollment preferences.

Nationwide:

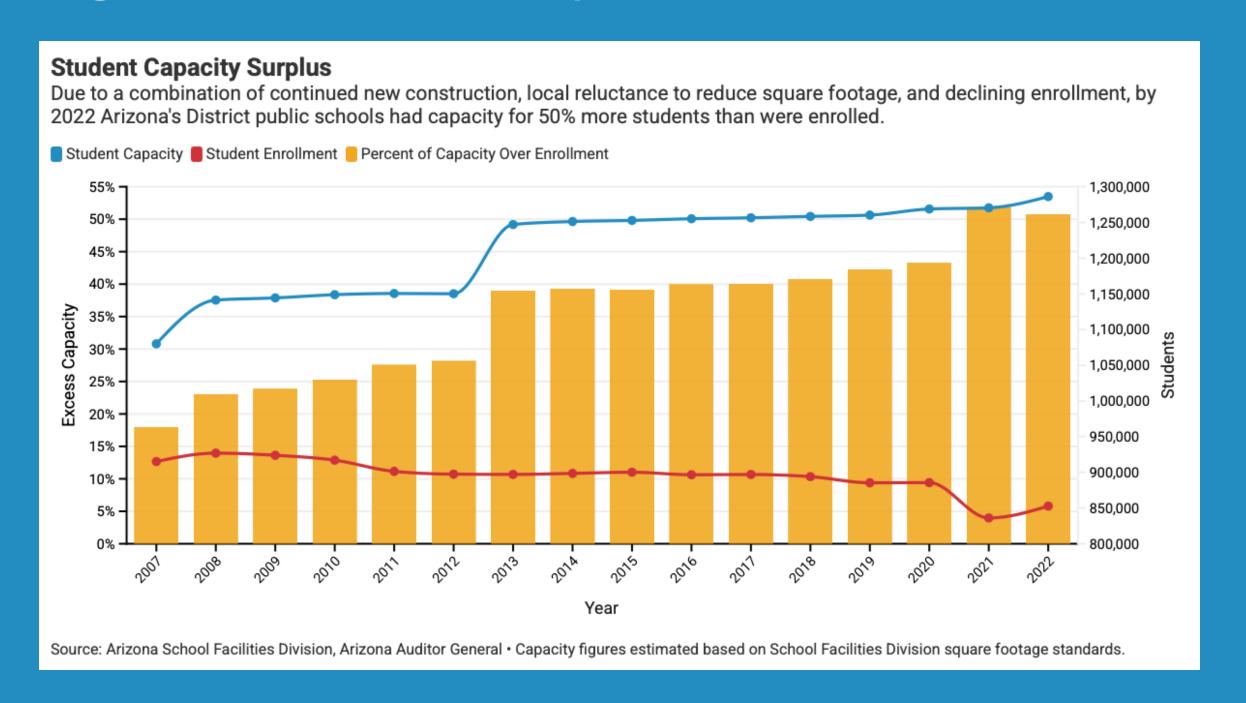
- Charter school enrollment nearly doubled between 2020-2022
- **55**% of surveyed private schools reported enrollment growth in SY 2021
- Homeschooling went from 2% of the K-12 population to 11% during the pandemic; come down but still over 6% even today

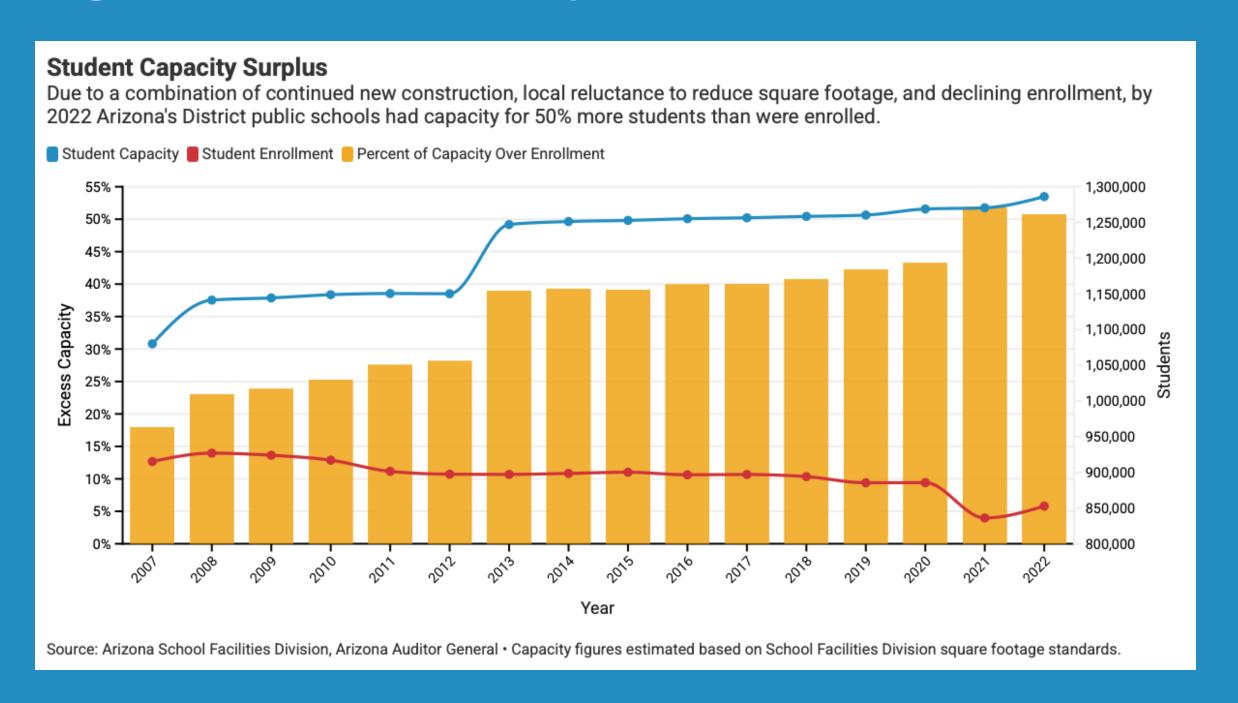


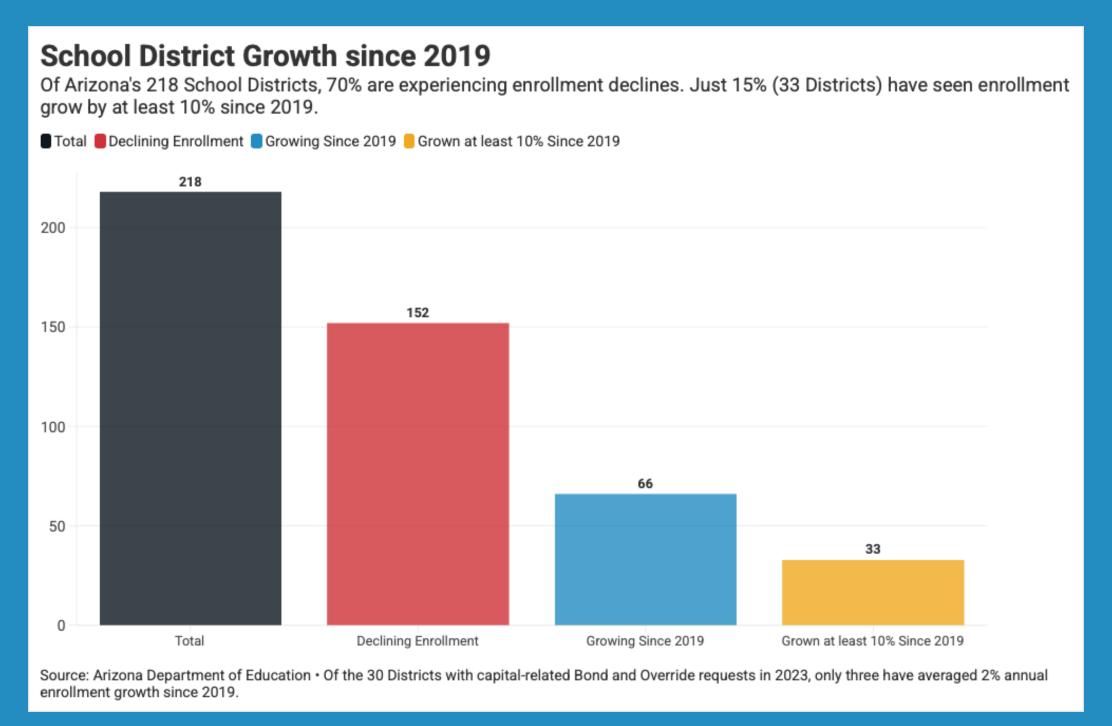
Funding Formulas Make These Enrollment Declines Fiscally Relevant



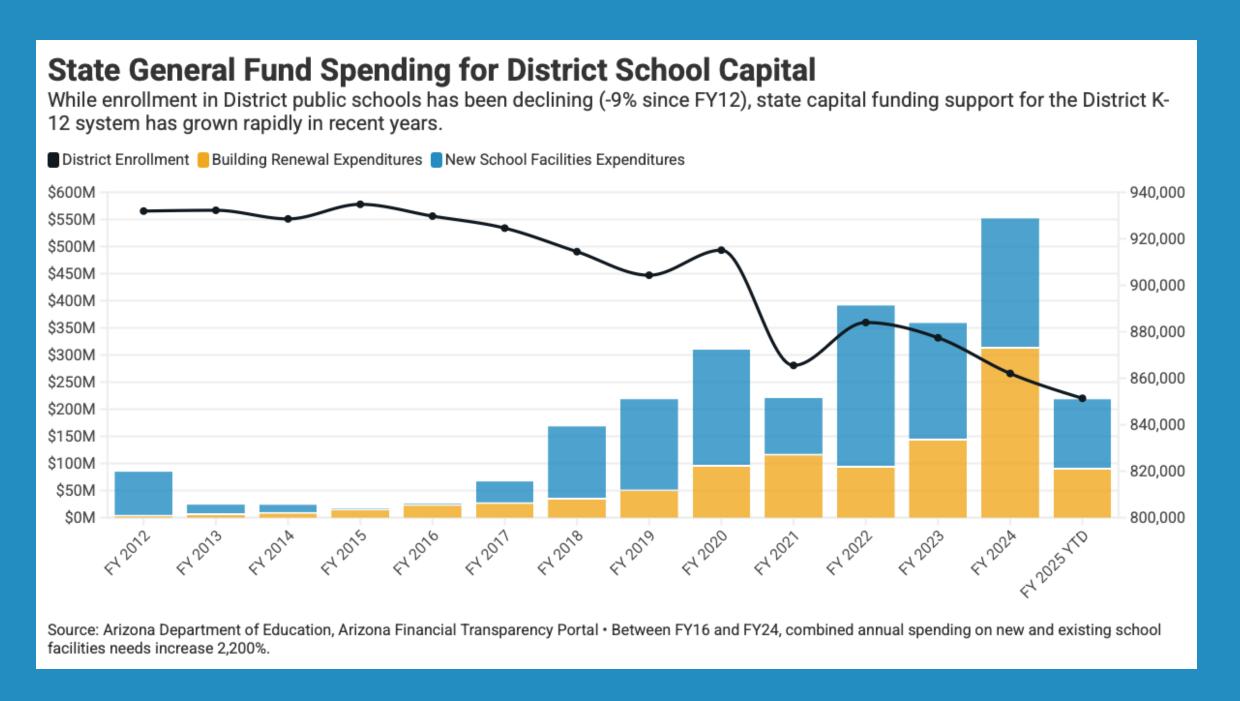
Growth in student enrollment—SFB projects that Arizona's K-12 student population will grow 27 percent by 2015. This follows a 19 percent growth between fiscal years 1999 and 2006.



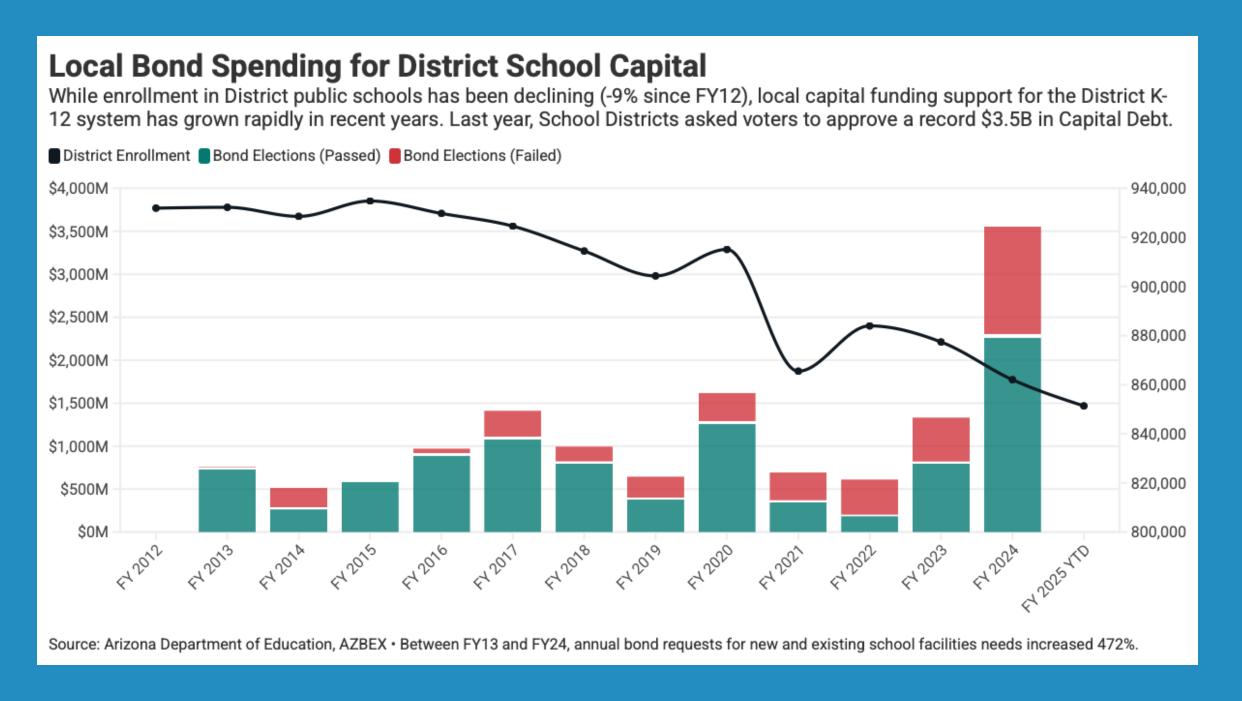




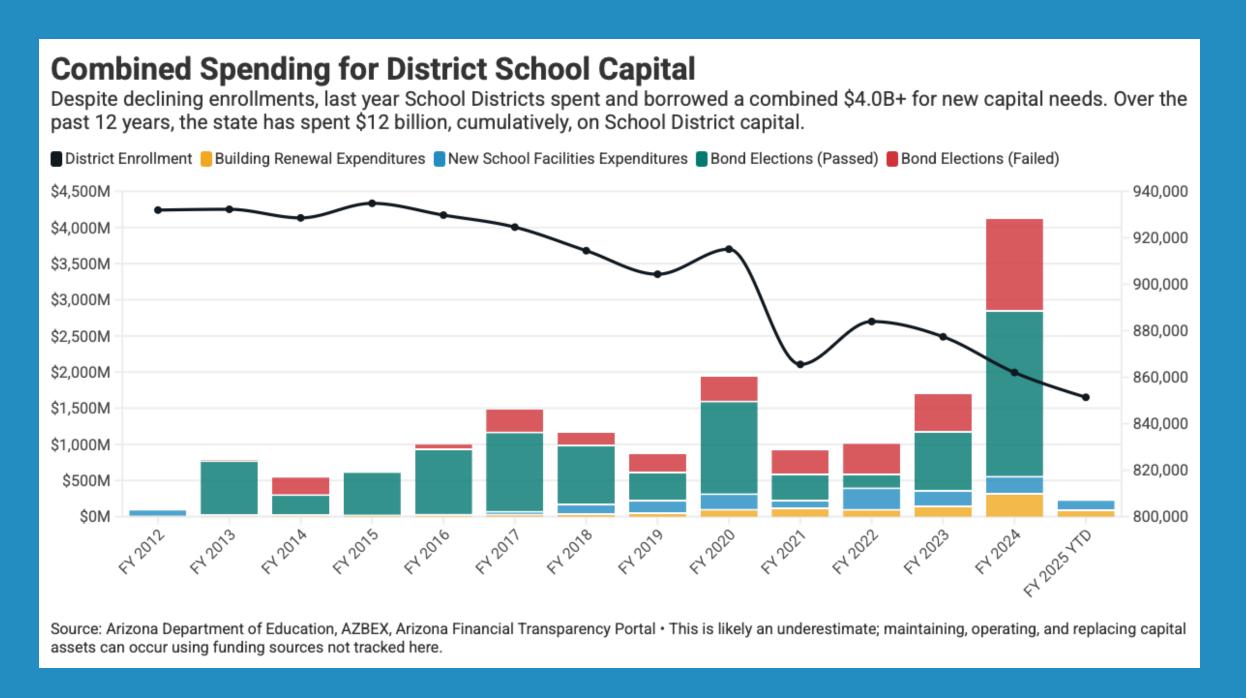
We Are Still Funding The System We Designed



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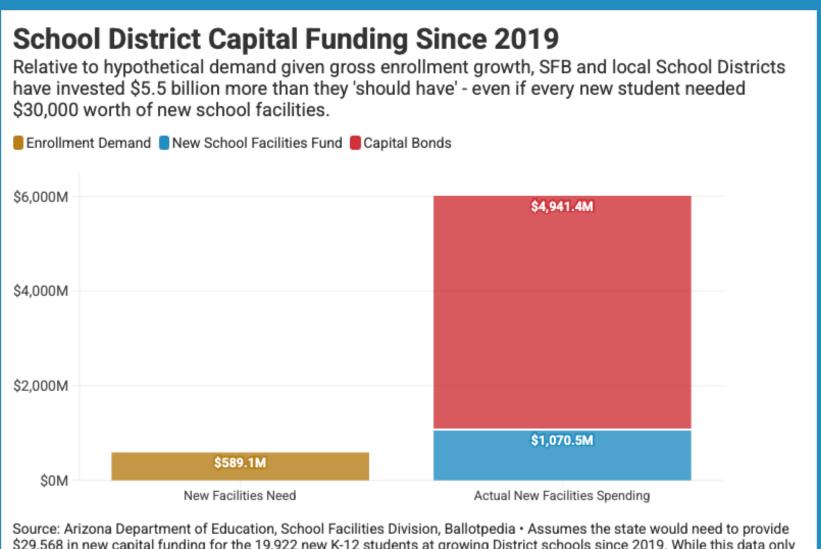


Don't We Still Need to Fund For Some Growth?

19,922: Gross enrollment increase since 2019 at growing Districts.

\$29,568: Avg. per-student cost of a new school (2023 SFB)

\$589M: Gross new facilities funding needed, SY 2019-2024



Source: Arizona Department of Education, School Facilities Division, Ballotpedia • Assumes the state would need to provide \$29,568 in new capital funding for the 19,922 new K-12 students at growing District schools since 2019. While this data only include SFB New School funds and local new School Capital Bond funds, some of this money may be used to replace existing- or for non-building needs.

Where Do Universal ESA's Fit?

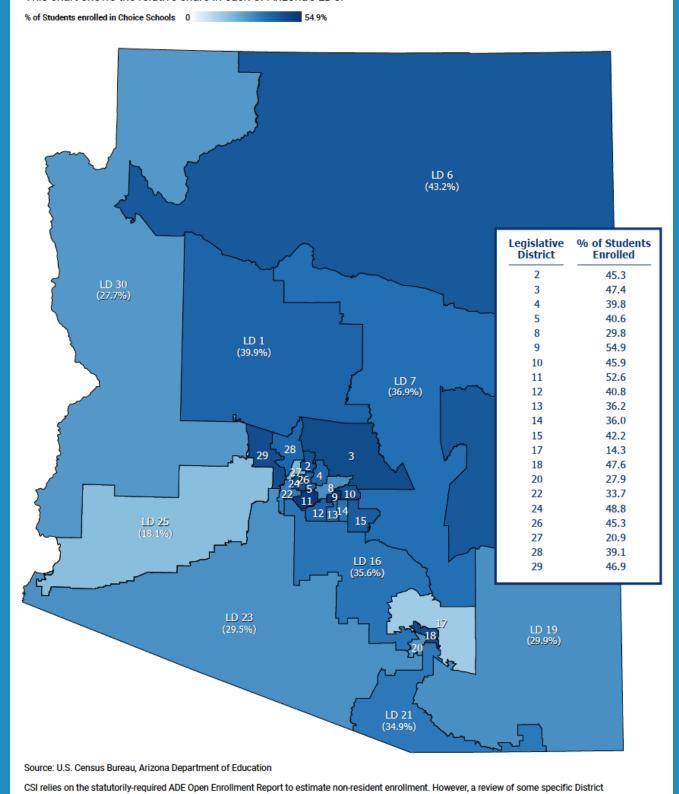
Fiction

ESA's are Driving Public School Enrollment Decline

"On a larger level, the new law also speeds up the same sort of death spiral that has afflicted public schools across the country, by steadily draining funds away from public education... the money to cover children who leave public schools in coming years will be deducted from public school budgets." [xii]

The Share of Arizona's K-12 Students Enrolled in 'Choice' Schools

Across Arizona, 38%-49% of Arizona's K-12 students are not attending their assigned District public school. These 'choice students' are open-enrolled or attending Charter, Private, or home- and micro-schools. This chart shows the relative share in each of Arizona's LD's.



reporting against third-party sources suggests that Report could underestimate statewide open enrollment by up to half. Our statewide range

reflects this error; the shares for individual LD's do not and are likely underestimated.

Where Is This Leading Us?



AZFamily Jan. 2025: 'It's Heartbreaking':
Teachers react to Mesa Public Schools
upcoming layoffs



12News Jan 2023: Arizona Bond and override elections lead to disparities in school funding



ABC15 Jan 2025: Phoenix Elementary School District votes not to renew lease for ASU Prep